# BeaconFuzz

A Journey into Ethereum 2.0 Blockchain Fuzzing and Vulnerability Discovery



### Whoami



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### Founder of FuzzingLabs | Senior Security Researcher

⇒ Training/Consulting

### Previously:

- QuoScient GmbH
- P1 Security
- French DoD
- Airbus Defense & Space
- ⇒ Fuzzing, Vulnerability research
- ⇒ Rust, Golang, WebAssembly, Browsers
- ⇒ Blockchain Security, Smart contracts









# Ethereum 2.0 Blockchain



### What's Ethereum & Ethereum 2.0?

- What's Ethereum?
  - The first blockchain running Smart Contracts
    - Created in 2015
  - Networking: Peer-to-peer (P2P)
    - Decentralized platform
  - Smart contracts
    - Mostly written in Solidity
    - Compiled in EVM bytecode
  - Consensus: Proof Of Work (PoW)
    - Miners compete to append blocks and mint new currency
    - Energy consumption is huge
- Ethereum 2.0 (new naming: <u>Ethereum Consensus</u>)
  - Upgrade of Ethereum
  - New consensus: Proof of Stake (PoS)
    - Selecting validators in proportion to their quantity of tokens holdings
    - Validators are replacing miners
  - Not a new blockchain but an evolution



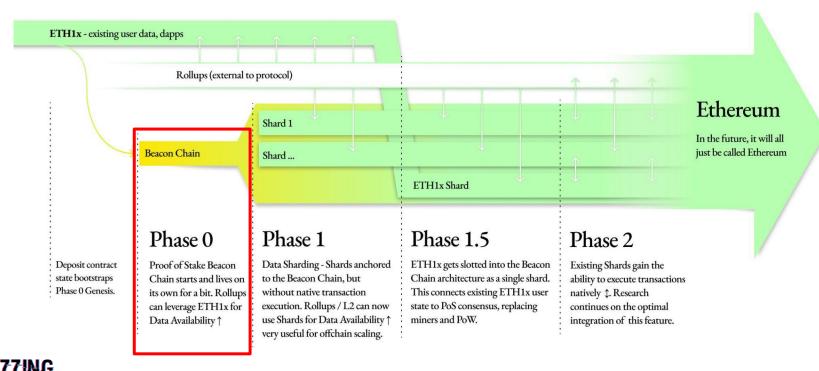
Execution

=1 herevim



Consensus

## Ethereum 2.0 Roadmap





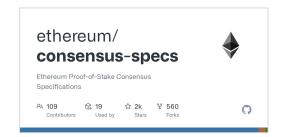
### What's Ethereum 2.0 Beacon chain?

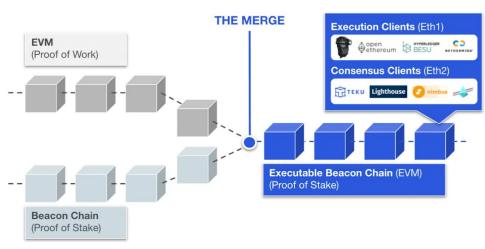
### Specification

- <u>Ethereum PoS Consensus</u>
  - Written in Python
  - With documentation + unit tests
- Followed by all ETH2.0 clients
- Divided into Phase & features
  - Researched and developed in parallel
- Released over time
  - Dec 2021 Phase 0
  - Q4 2021 Altair
  - Q2 2022 Bellatrix (aka The Merge)
  - 2022/2023 -Sharding

#### Phase 0 - Beacon chain

- The Core of Ethereum proof-of-stake
- Stores and manages the registry of validators
- Beacon Chain specification <u>link</u>

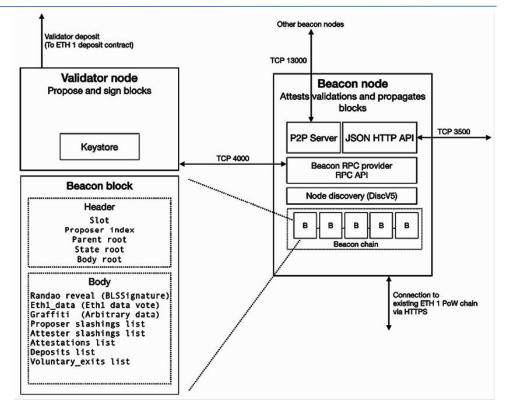






### ETH2.0 Client - Architecture & Attack Surface

- 2 Separate binaries
  - Validator client
  - Beacon node
- Networking stack (<u>libp2p</u> & <u>devp2p</u>)
  - ENR: Ethereum Node Records
  - <u>Discv5</u>: Discovery Protocol v5
  - Gossipsub, etc.
- State transition logic
  - Simple Serialize (SSZ) objects
    - Decoding/encoding
  - Beacon Block & other Datatype processing
- Which kind of bugs are interesting?
  - Crashes/Panics
  - Memory corruption, Denial Of Service (DoS)
    - Consensus/Logic bugs





### ETH2.0 Client - Consensus clients overview

### <u>Lighthouse</u>

- Developed by Sigma Prime
- Written in Rust

#### • Prysm

- Developed by Prysmatic Labs
- Written in **Go**

### • <u>Nimbus</u>

- Developed by Status
- Written in Nim
- <u>Teku</u>
  - Developed by ConsenSys
  - Written in Java
- Lodestar
  - Developed by ChainSafe
  - Written in TypeScript/JavaScript











Teku





# Beacon Fuzz Roadmap



### Beacon Fuzz History

- May 2019 Guido's eth2 fuzzing
  - The Ethereum Foundation engaged <u>Guido Vranken</u> to build differential fuzzing across existing Ethereum 2.0 clients.
  - <u>eth2.0-fuzzing</u> (written in C++) leverages **libFuzzer** to provide the same fuzzing input on all targets.

Sigma Prime received a grant from the Ethereum foundation to continue the project.

- focussed on fuzzing ZRNT and Pyspec, the **Go and Python executable** Ethereum 2.0 specification.
- September 2019 Resumption by Sigma Prime

**T**sigma prime

- Maintainability of the differential fuzzing platform.
  - Upgrading the fuzzing targets to match the **latest version** of the Ethereum 2.0 specification.
  - Support more clients and create a set of valid inputs (corpora) to be used by the differential fuzzer.
- March/April 2020 Start of <u>Beacon Fuzz</u> project
  - Fuzzinglabs & Sigma Prime start working together.
  - Exploring other options to achieve the same goals.
    - **■** Improve the coverage & find new bugs.



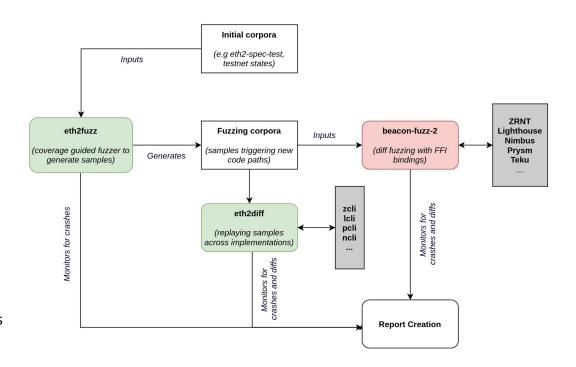


⇒ This talk represents in part the work done periodically over the past 1-2 years



### Beacon Fuzz Roadmap

- Understand the context
  - Learn more about Ethereum 2.0 PoS
  - Compiling & testing all projects
- Create a testing/fuzzing corpora
  - o using the eth2 specification
  - o using all clients unit tests
- Create multiple fuzzing tools
  - Coverage-guided fuzzer (eth2fuzz)
  - Simple differential fuzzer (eth2diff)
  - Structural fuzzing implementation
  - Differential fuzzer (beacon-fuzz-2)
- Integrate new clients/targets
  - Start with the more up-to-date clients
  - Simplify the compilation with docker



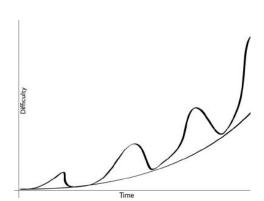


## Beacon Fuzz Roadmap - Design & Choices

- Why rewrite everything in Rust?
  - Ease of development & maintainability
  - Better tooling & ecosystem
  - Foreign Function Interfaces (FFI) bindings
  - Structural fuzzing is easier with Arbitrary trait
  - (also I REALLY don't like C/C++)



- Why create multiple fuzzing tools?
  - They are not all targeting the same code
  - Some of them will be **faster to keep up-to-date**
  - They do not require the same computer power for compilation & fuzzing
  - They do not always follow the same **specification** version & clients branches
- Why not directly use the most evolved/efficient fuzzing techniques?
  - o Simple fuzzer will catch **faster** potentially blocking **low hanging-fruits**
  - It's better to increase the development complexity over time
    - to prevent being overcharged by difficulty
    - to adapt to new information or clients updates

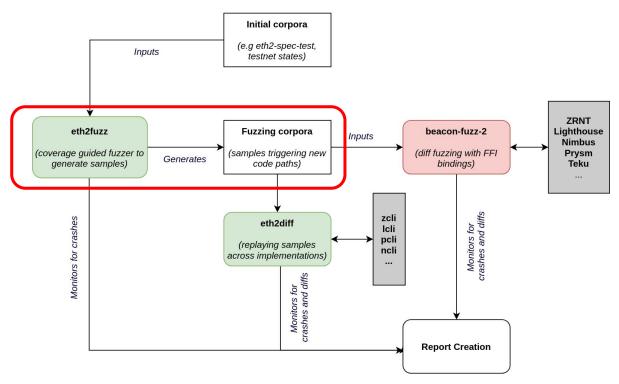




# eth2fuzz - Coverage-guided fuzzing



# eth2fuzz - Coverage-guided fuzzing on all clients









- <u>Lighthouse</u> Rust Ethereum 2.0 Client
  - Maintained by Sigma Prime
  - Written in Rust

#### Rust fuzzers

- <u>hfuzz-rs</u>: Fuzz your Rust code with Google-developed Honggfuzz
- o <u>cargofuzz</u>: A cargo subcommand for fuzzing with libFuzzer
- o <u>afl-rs</u>: Fuzzing Rust code with AFLplusplus

### Complexity: Low/Medium

- Generation of an SSZ binary
- Decoding of the SSZ into a valid structure
- o Loading randomly one valid Beacon State
- Processing of the state transition



```
/// Run `process_block_header`
pub fn process_header(mut beaconstate: BeaconState<MainnetEthSpec>,
    block: BeaconBlock<MainnetEthSpec>)
        -> Result<(), BlockProcessingError> {
    let spec = MainnetEthSpec::default_spec();

    process_block_header(&mut beaconstate, &block, &spec)?;

    Ok(())
}
```







### 3 Bugs found

- Memory allocation failure in SSZ decoding due to OOB of variable-length types link
  - Vec::with\_capacity called with an unchecked size argument
- Panic when decoding non-utf8 string as an ENR <u>link</u>
- $\circ$  Panic due to multiplication overflow when getting the Beacon proposer index of BeaconState  $\underline{\mathsf{link}}$ 
  - When Rust code is compiled in debug mode, overflows are checked and triggered panics.
  - Beacon State was considered as a trusted container
    - leads to clarification and update regarding the overflow assumptions of the eth2 specification <u>link</u>

```
let_effective_balance = self.validators[candidate_index].effective_balance;
if effective_balance * MAX_RANDOM_BYTE >= spec.max_effective_balance * u64::from(random_byte)
{
    return Ok(candidate_index);
}
```

- Limitation: None
- Possible improvement
  - Structural fuzzing using **Arbitrary trait**
  - Add more fuzzing harnesses
    - Increase code coverage



```
let mut values = Vec::with_capacity(num_items);
// Only initialize the vec with a capacity if a r
//
// We assume that if a max length is provided the
// allocation of this size.
let mut values = if max_len.is_some() {
    Vec::with_capacity(num_items)
} else {
    vec![]
};
```

# eth2fuzz - **Prysm** dumb fuzzing



- Prysm Go implementation of Ethereum proof of stake
  - Maintained by <u>Prysmatic Labs</u>
  - o Written in **Go**



- Interesting utility/testing tools
  - o <u>pcli state-transition</u>: Subcommand to run manual state transitions

bazel run //tools/pcli:pcli -- state-transition --block-path /path/to/block.ssz --pre-state-path /path/to/state.ssz

- Complexity: None
  - Basic shell script
  - Replay inputs generated during lighthouse fuzzing
- Bugs found: None





# eth2fuzz - **Prysm** coverage-guided fuzzing



- Go fuzzers
  - o go-fuzz: Randomized testing for Go
  - o libfuzzer: Generate an archive file
    - that can be used with libFuzzer
- Complexity: **Medium** 
  - We can't use classical usage of go-fuzz for Prysm
    - Herumi's cgo-based BLS implementation
    - go-fuzz doesn't support cgo link
  - They were using Bazel for building
    - Bazel is painful if you're not trained
  - We asked for native go build integration
    - i.e. make Prysm "go gettable"
    - "biggest feature of the year"
      - For Prysm external contributor

```
func Prysm block header(b []byte) int {
    params.UseMainnetConfig()
    data := &ethpb.BeaconBlock{}
    if err := data.UnmarshalSSZ(b); err != nil {
    s, err := stateTrie.InitializeFromProto(GlobalBeaconstate)
    if err != nil {
        panic("stateTrie InitializeFromProto")
    post, err := blocks.ProcessBlockHeaderNoVerify(s, data)
    if err != nil {
        return 0
       post == nil {
        return 0
```



## eth2fuzz - **Prysm** results



### 3 Bugs found

- Slice bounds out of range when parsing SSZ <u>link</u>
- Nil pointer dereference when processing ProposerSlashing <u>link</u>
- Slice bounds out of range when parsing SSZ #2 link

```
./prysm_FuzzProposerSlashing2.libfuzzer panic_nil_deref_prysm_proposer.ssz
INFO: Seed: 1287398888
./prysm_FuzzProposerSlashing2.libfuzzer: Running 1 inputs 1 time(s) each.
Running: panic_nil_deref_prysm_proposer.ssz

panic: runtime error: invalid memory address or nil pointer dereference
[signal SIGSEGV: segmentation violation code=0x1 addr=0x38 pc=0x11d0360]
```

- Limitation: None
- Possible improvement
  - Structural fuzzing using gofuzz



```
package main
import (
    "fmt"
    "github.com/prysmaticlabs/prysm/shared/params"
    "github.com/prysmaticlabs/prysm/beacon-chain/p2p/encoder"
    testpb "github.com/prysmaticlabs/prysm/proto/testing"
func DecodeTestSimpleMessageCrash() {
    data := []byte("\x01\x00\x8f")
    params. UseMainnetConfig()
    input := &testpb.TestSimpleMessage{}
    e := encoder.SszNetworkEncoder{}
    if err := e.DecodeGossip(data, input); err != nil {
        _ = err
        return
    return
func main() {
    fmt.Println("prysm: Crash reproducer")
    // change the following function to trigger different bugs
    DecodeTestSimpleMessageCrash()
```

## eth2fuzz - **Nimbus** dumb fuzzing



- Nimbus Nim implementation of the Ethereum 2.0 blockchain
  - Maintained by <u>Status</u>
  - Written in Nim
- Interesting utility/testing tools
  - o ncli pretty: Pretty-print **SSZ object** as JSON
  - o <u>ncli transition</u>: Perform **state transition** 
    - given a pre-state and a block to apply
  - o <u>ncli hash tree root</u>: Print tree root of an **SSZ object**
- Complexity: None
  - o Basic shell script
  - Replay inputs generated during lighthouse fuzzing
- 5 Bugs found
  - Segmentation fault during State transition <u>link</u>
  - AssertionError during State transition <u>link</u>
  - IndexError during Attestation SSZ parsing <u>link</u>
  - IndexError during Beaconstate SSZ parsing <u>link</u>
     IndexError during Beaconstate SSZ parsing #2 <u>link</u>

```
cli do(pre: string, blck: string, post: string, verifyStateRoot = true):
    let
    stateY = (ref HashedBeaconState)(
        data: SSZ.loadFile(pre, BeaconState),
    )
    blckX = SSZ.loadFile(blck, SignedBeaconBlock)
    flags = if not verifyStateRoot: {skipStateRootValidation} else: {}
    stateY.root = hash_tree_root(stateY.data)
```

```
$ ./ncli_hash_tree_root --kind=attestation --file= IndexError_attestation_empty_containe
Traceback (most recent call last, using override)

XXX/nim-beacon-chain/vendor/nim-confutils/confutils.nim(981) confutils

XXX/nim-beacon-chain/ncli/ncli_hash_tree_root2.nim(14) CLI

XXX/nim-beacon-chain/beacon_chain/ssz.nim(583) hash_tree_root

XXX/nim-beacon-chain/beacon_chain/ssz.nim(444) hashTreeRootImpl

XXX/nim-beacon-chain/beacon_chain/ssz.nim(570) hash_tree_root

XXX/nim-beacon-chain/beacon_chain/ssz.nim(466) bitlistHashTreeRoot

XXX/nim-beacon-chain/vendor/nimbus-build-system/vendor/Nim/lib/system.nim(2515) X5BX5D

XXX/nim-beacon-chain/vendor/nimbus-build-system/vendor/Nim/lib/system/chcks.nim(23) rais

XXX/nim-beacon-chain/vendor/nimbus-build-system/vendor/Nim/lib/system/fatal.nim(51) sysf.

XXX/nim-beacon-chain/vendor/nimbus-build-system/vendor/Nim/lib/system/excpt.nim(407) rep

XXX/nim-beacon-chain/vendor/nimbus-build-system/vendor/Nim/lib/system/excpt.nim(358) repr

Error: unhandled exception: index out of bounds, the container is empty [IndexError]
```







- Nim Programming Language
  - Syntax similar to Python
  - o Compiled language, with strong static typing.
  - Nim compilation process
    - Nim code converted to C
    - C compilation to binary
- Nim fuzzers
  - o <u>afl/afl++</u>: template for afl/afl++ abstraction
  - <u>Libfuzzer</u>: template for libfuzzer abstraction
  - Honggfuzz: template for honggfuzz abstraction



```
proc fuzz_nimbus_attestation*(state: var BeaconState, payload: openarray[byte]): bool =
    try:
       var cache = StateCache()
       let attestation = SSZ.decode(payload, Attestation)
       discard process_attestation(state, attestation, {}, cache)
    except SSZError: #CatchableError:
       discard
    true
```

```
# afl-clang
nim c -d:afl -d:noSignalHandler --cc=clang --clang.exe=afl-clang --clang.linkerexe=afl-clang ftestcase.nim
```

- Complexity: **Medium** 
  - New language to explore
  - All fuzzers abstraction was not developed at the time
    - But part of Nimbus team are also Nim language core developers



### eth2fuzz - **Nimbus** results



### 2 Bugs found

- Unhandled exception IndexError when parsing ProposerSlashing <u>link</u>
- IndexError during AttesterSlashing processing <u>link</u>
- Limitation: None
- Possible improvement
  - Add more fuzzing harnesses to improve coverage

```
$ ./ncli_pretty --beacon=38542f2a6666ae61361a7d8249eb0a55.ssz --contail Traceback (most recent call last, using override)
/nim-beacon-chain/vendor/nim-confutils/confutils.nim(981) confutils
/nim-beacon-chain/ncli/ncli_pretty.nim(24) CLI
/nim-beacon-chain/vendor/nimbus-build-system/vendor/Nim/lib/system/exc
/nim-beacon-chain/vendor/nimbus-build-system/vendor/Nim/lib/system/exc
Error: unhandled exception: index 6368 not in 0 .. 255 [IndexError]
```

```
import
  confutils, os, strutils, chronicles, json_serializat.
  ../beacon_chain/spec/crypto,
  ../beacon chain/spec/datatypes,
  ../beacon_chain/spec/digest,
  ../beacon_chain/spec/validator,
  ../beacon_chain/spec/beaconstate,
  ../beacon_chain/spec/state_transition_block,
  ../beacon chain/ssz,
  ../beacon_chain/extras,
  ../beacon_chain/state_transition,
  ../beacon_chain/eth2_discovery
cli do(beacon: string, container: string):
  try:
    var b = SSZ.loadFile(beacon, BeaconState)
    var c = SSZ.loadFile(container, AttesterSlashing)
    var cache = get_empty_per_epoch_cache()
    discard process_attester_slashing(b, c, {}, cache)
  except SSZError:
    quit 1
  quit 0
```



# eth2fuzz - **Teku** dumb fuzzing



- <u>Teku</u> Java Implementation of the Ethereum 2.0 Beacon Chain
  - Maintained by ConsenSys
  - Written in Java
- Interesting utility/testing subcommands
  - <u>teku transition</u>: Manually run state transitions
- Complexity: None
  - Basic shell script
  - Replay inputs generated during lighthouse fuzzing
- 5 Bugs found during Block SSZ parsing
  - o DoS/infinite processing <u>link</u>
  - IllegalArgumentException: List out of bounds <u>link</u>
  - o IllegalArgumentException: Invalid negative length link
  - IndexOutOfBoundsException: index (-1) must not be negative <u>link</u>
  - o java.lang.IndexOutOfBoundsException: index (0) must be less than size (0) link



```
# install
./gradlew distTar installDist

# go to build folder
cd build/install/

# Run teku
bin/teku transition blocks \
    --pre=state.ssz \
    -network=mainnet \
    block.ssz
```

java.lang.IllegalArgumentException: List out of bounds
 at tech.pegasys.artemis.ssz.SSZTypes.SSZArrayCollect

java.lang.IndexOutOfBoundsException







- Java fuzzers
  - JOF+AFL: Fuzzing a Java program using JQF & AFL
  - <u>Jazzer</u>: Coverage-guided, in-process fuzzing for the JVM
    - (Not available at the time)
- Complexity: Medium
  - Java ecosystem to deal with
  - A lot of different exceptions to handle
- 1 Bug found
  - Illegal Index Array Access in Attester Slashing Processing <u>link</u>
- Limitation
  - JQF+AFL was really SLOW (< 10 exec/s per thread)</li>
  - Complex set up forcing to run the fuzzer inside docker
- Possible improvement
  - Use Jazzer as the new fuzzing framework



```
Fuzz
public void teku block header(InputStream input) {
  Constants.setConstants("mainnet");
  SimpleOffsetSerializer.setConstants();
    if (TekuFuzz.GlobalBeaconState == null) {
      get_beaconstate();
    byte[] bytes = input.readAllBytes();
    BeaconBlock structuredInput =
     SimpleOffsetSerializer.deserialize(Bytes.wrap(bytes)
    TekuFuzz.GlobalBeaconState.updated(
      state -> {
        BlockProcessorUtil.process block header(
            state, structuredInput);
    catch (IOException e) {
    catch (InvalidSSZTypeException e){
    catch (EndOfSSZException e){
    catch (IllegalStateException e){
    catch (IllegalArgumentException e){
    catch (BlockProcessingException e){
```

# eth2fuzz - **Lodestar** coverage-guided fuzzing

- <u>Lodestar</u> Ethereum 2.0: TypeScript Implementation of the Beacon Chain
  - Maintained by ChainSafe Systems
  - Written in **TypeScript** 
    - Compiled into JavaScript
  - o <u>website</u>, <u>github</u>
- Fuzzer
  - <u>isfuzz</u>: Coverage guided fuzz testing for Javascript
- Complexity: Low
  - Direct fuzzing of <u>Lodestar npm</u> package
  - Lodestar APIs are pretty simple
    - And **TypeScript** typing help a lot
  - Jsfuzz harnesses are not complicated as well









### 7 Bugs found

- TypeError in SSZ library during BeaconBlock deserialize <u>link</u>
- RangeError in SSZ library when parsing empty BeaconBlock <u>link</u>
- "TypeError: public key must be a Buffer" when parsing ENR string <u>link</u>
- Memory exhaustion/OOM when parsing invalid ENR string <u>link</u>
- o "AssertionError" inside bcrypto library when parsing invalid ENR string. <u>link</u>
- "Assertion `val->IsArrayBufferView()' failed" when parsing invalid ENR string <u>link</u>
- "TypeError: Cannot read property 'toString' of undefined" when parsing ENR string <u>link</u>

```
var discv5 = require("@chainsafe/discv5");
buf = "enr:-IS4QJ2d11eu6dC7E7LoXeLMgMP3kom1u3SE8esFSWvaHoo0
dP1jg803-nx9ht-E03CmG7L60kHcMmoIh00IYWB92QABgmlkgnY0gmlwhH8
AAAGJc2d11eu6dCsxoQIB_c-jQMOXsbjWkbN-kj99H57gfId5pfb4wa1qxw
V4CIN1ZHCCIyk".toString()
discv5.ENR.decodeTxt(buf);
```

#### Limitation

- Lodestar development was late compared to others
- Code wasn't always using the **latest specification version**
- Possible improvement
  - Add more fuzzing harnesses to improve coverage





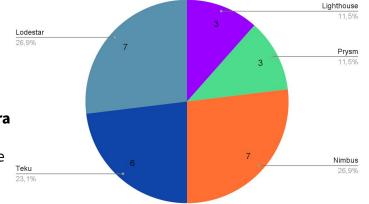
### eth2fuzz - Global results

### Total: 26 bugs found

- Dumb fuzzing / Replay of coverage-guided generated inputs (10)
- Coverage-guided fuzzing (16)

#### Pros

- The most efficient technique (good ratio bugs/time spent)
- Coverage-guided fuzzing produce reusable & interesting corpora
  - against all targets and by every fuzzing tools
- All clients have more or less the same naming/function prototype
  - since they follow the same spec



#### Cons

- Need to write a lot of fuzzing harnesses
- Result and speed are dependent on the fuzzing framework quality/efficiency
- Cryptographic BLS signature verification need to be disabled on all targets
  - to speed up fuzzing execution and go deeper into the codebase
- Difficult to detect **logic bugs** 
  - **Time-consuming** to keep up-to-date all fuzzing harnesses



# eth2diff - Lazy Differential Fuzzing



# eth2diff - (Really) Lazy Differential Fuzzing

Goals: Replay fuzzing corpora across clients

Complexity: Low

Compilation of all projects using dockers

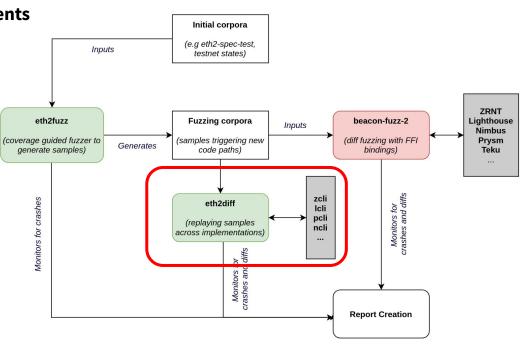
Extraction of CLI testing tools

■ lci, pcli, ncli, zcli, etc.

- Comparison of return code
- Written in Rust

```
// PRYSM
eth2_clients.push(Eth2Client::new(
    "PRYSM".into(),
    cwd.join("shared").join("prysm").join("pcli"),
    [
        "state-transition".into(),
        "--pre-state-path".into(),
        beaconstate,
        "--block-path".into(),
        block,
    ]
    .to_vec(),
));

// compare the result
    compare_results(&eth2_clients)?;
```



### eth2diff - Results

### 1 Bug found

PRYSM: Incorrect validation of pre-state attestation & malformed block signature during state transition - <u>link</u>

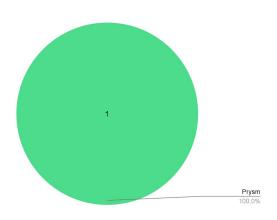
#### Pros

- **Useful for debugging** crashes found using eth2fuzz
- Easy and Fast to implement
- Integration of future ETH2.0 tools/library easier

#### Cons

- Really long to compile (> 30 min)
  - 5 projects inside 5 dockers (> 14 Go)
- Slower than in-process fuzzing
- Not a fuzzer, just a differential tester
  - Don't generate any inputs, just execute provided ones
- Not all features (parsing, processing operations) are implemented inside testing CLI tools.
- Not all projects got working CLI testing tools
- Some types of inputs are considered as trusted by development teams



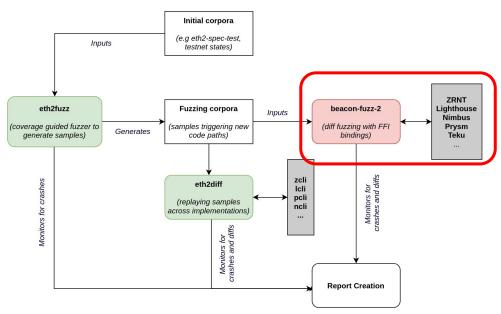


# beaconfuzz\_v2 - Differential fuzzing



## beaconfuzz\_v2 - Structural & Differential fuzzing

- Goals: Find logic bugs with differential fuzzing
  - Reuse existing corpora
  - Generate valid inputs using Structural fuzzing
  - Focus on attacking State processing code
  - Detect outputs difference between all clients
- Complexity: Medium/Hard
  - Fuzzing hardnesses in Rust
    - Structural fuzzing
  - FFI Bindings for each client
    - Custom fuzzing library
    - Rust Bindings
  - A lot of manual writing & compilation
    - Shared libraries





### beaconfuzz\_v2 - Architecture

- Structural fuzzing in Rust
  - Add <u>Arbitrary trait</u> to each lighthouse structure
    - Create a specific lighthouse branch for fuzzing
    - Dedicated Lighthouse compiler flags

#### #[cfg\_attr(feature = "arbitrary-fuzz", derive(arbitrary::Arbitrary))]

- SSZ encoding/decoding
  - Other clients objects representation are not the same
  - Not possible to just copy memory bytes
- State processing
  - Rust FFI Bindings for each client
  - Lighthouse: Direct calls to Rust methods
  - Prysm: Shared fuzzing library (using cgo)
  - Nimbus: Shared fuzzing library
  - Teku: Java Native Interface (JNI) library
- Comparison
  - Rust panics if output SSZ objects are differents

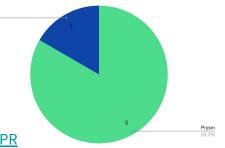
Generated Attestation using structural fuzzing SSZ encoding SSZ decoding (prysm, nimbus,teku) State Post state SSZ encoding processing comparaison



### beaconfuzz\_v2 - Results

#### 6 Bugs found (Consensus bugs)

- PRYSM: Incorrect Validator Exits verification <u>link</u>
- PRYSM: No check of Attestation Indexed Validity <u>link</u>
- PRYSM: Incorrect epoch when validating ProposerSlashing <u>link</u> / <u>PR</u>
- PRYSM: Invalid verification of attesting indices due to off-by-one bug <u>link</u> / <u>PR</u>
- o PRYSM: Invalid of proposer slashing when signed block header are equals <u>link</u> / <u>PR</u>
- TEKU: Equality of proposer slashing signed block header messages not checked <u>link</u> / <u>PR</u>



#### Pros

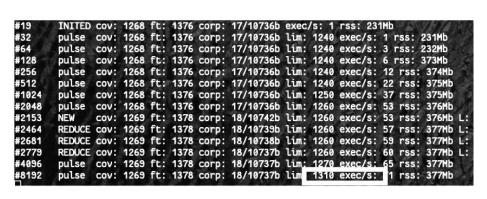
- Structural fuzzing only produce valid type
- SSZ format helps to share data & comparison
  - Good results finding logic/consensus bugs

#### Cons

- Writing fuzzing library for each was really long
  - Difficult to maintain up-to-date
  - Heavy compilation parts/issues

#### Slow fuzzing speed

- Lot of shared libraries code to execute
- SSZ decoding/encoding + processing operations





# Conclusion

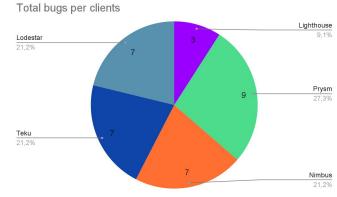


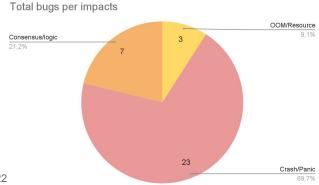
### Conclusion & Final results

- Results
  - 33 bugs found (almost all critical)
    - Lighthouse: 3, Prysm: 9, Nimbus: 7
    - Teku: 7, Lodestar: 7
  - All kinds of bugs found
    - 7 consensus bugs, 23 crashes, 3 OOM/Resource exhaustion
- Community fuzzing
  - Beaconfuzz has been released in Open-source with dockerize version
  - 4 bugs found by other people running beaconfuzz



- Main difficulty
  - Complex to keep everything up-to-date
    - Multiple breaking changes
      - 70% of the time spent dealing with compilation issues
    - The specification version supported by each client is different







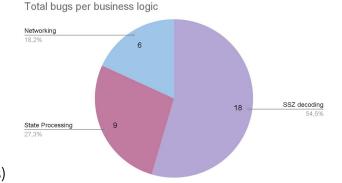
### Takeaways & Future

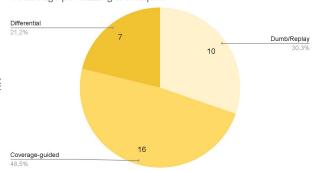
#### Takeaways

- Blockchain software is a really interesting target
- You don't need to build complex fuzzers to start finding bugs
  - 10 bugs with replay, 16 with coverage-guided & 7 differential
  - **Build multiple tools** during your research!
  - Improve them to find more bugs
- Differential fuzzing is extremely powerful to find logic bugs
  - but not discussed publicly a lot.
- Complete details of this project in the <u>Beaconfuzz series</u> (10 blog posts)

### Future / Next steps

- o Change/Replace some fuzzing framework
  - Especially Jazzer for Teku (already in production)
- Improve & add new fuzzing harnesses
  - Some parts of the code are fuzzed but not with differential testing
  - Networking P2P stack, Lodestar, etc...
- Update fuzzing harnesses for next ETH2.0 Phases
  - Snappy encoding added to SSZ
  - ETH2 specification changed a bit

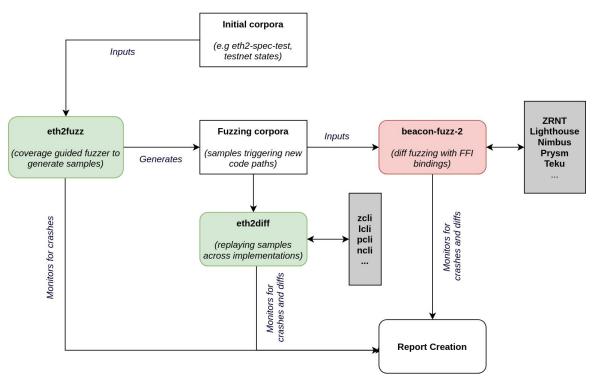




Total bugs per fuzzing techniques



## Thanks for your time! Any questions?





### Image sources

- https://pxhere.com/en/photo/636182
- https://ethereum.org/en/assets/
- https://bitcoinmatin.fr/2020/12/02/ethereum-2-0-beacon-lancee/
- https://blog.ethereum.org/2022/01/24/the-great-eth2-renaming/
- https://journalducoin.com/ethereum/ethereum-2-0-dilemme-diversification-clients/
- https://subscription.packtpub.com/book/data/9781839213199/16/ch16lvl1sec17/architecture
- https://github.com/sigp/beacon-fuzz

